POWER STEERING SYSTEM VACUUM BLEEDING PROCEDURE

The power steering system must be bled following the installation of any replacement component.

Follow the steps below to properly bleed the system:

- 1. Verify that hoses are routed properly. Contact with the frame or engine may cause system noises.
- 2. Verify all hose connections are tight.
- 3. Remove the pump reservoir cap.
- 4. Fill the reservoir to the FULL COLD level.
- 5. Tightly insert rubber vacuum plug onto the pump reservoir.
- 7. Attach the vacuum pump to the rubber vacuum plug.
- 8. Apply a vacuum of 60-68kPa (18-20 in Hg) maximum for a minimum of 3 minutes.
- 9. Slowly release the vacuum.
- 10. Remove the vacuum pump and rubber plug.
- 11. Repeat steps #4 through #9 until fluid no longer drops.
- 12. Fill the reservoir to the FULL COLD level*. Reinstall the pump reservoir cap. Start the engine. Allow engine to idle.
- 13. Turn of engine. Verify the fluid level.
- 14. Start the engine. Allow the engine to idle.

CAUTION: DO NOT HOLD STEERING WHEEL AT THE LOCK TO LOCK POSITIONS.

- 15. Turn the wheel, lock to lock, three times.
- 16. Switch engine off. Verify fluid level. Check for any signs of air in the system. If air is present repeat the procedure as necessary.

*When adding or changing the fluid, be sure to use only the manufacturer's suggested fluid.

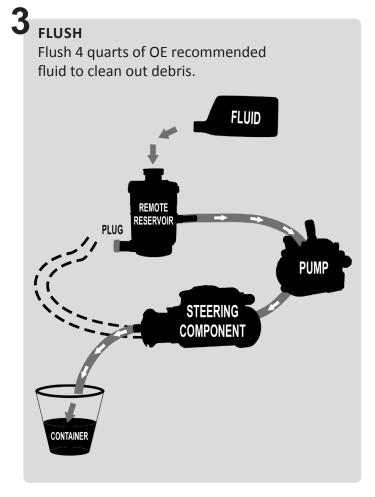


THE PERFECT POWER STEERING INSTALLATION

Reduce Returns With These Simple Steps...

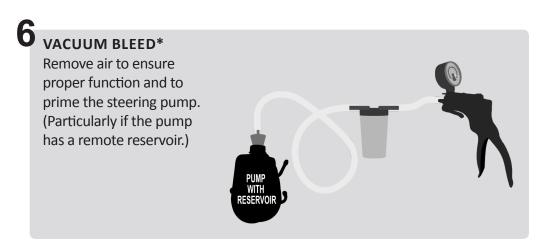












*Refer to the Power Steering System Vacuum Bleeding Procedure document for complete instructions.

This is a quick reference guide only. For more detailed information on system operation and servicing, always refer to a technical service manual or approved information system.